The effects of university entrance exams on teaching pedagogy and student learning in Japanese high schools.

VS

Introduction

There are 2 main factors that influence high school English teachers in the ways that they teach.

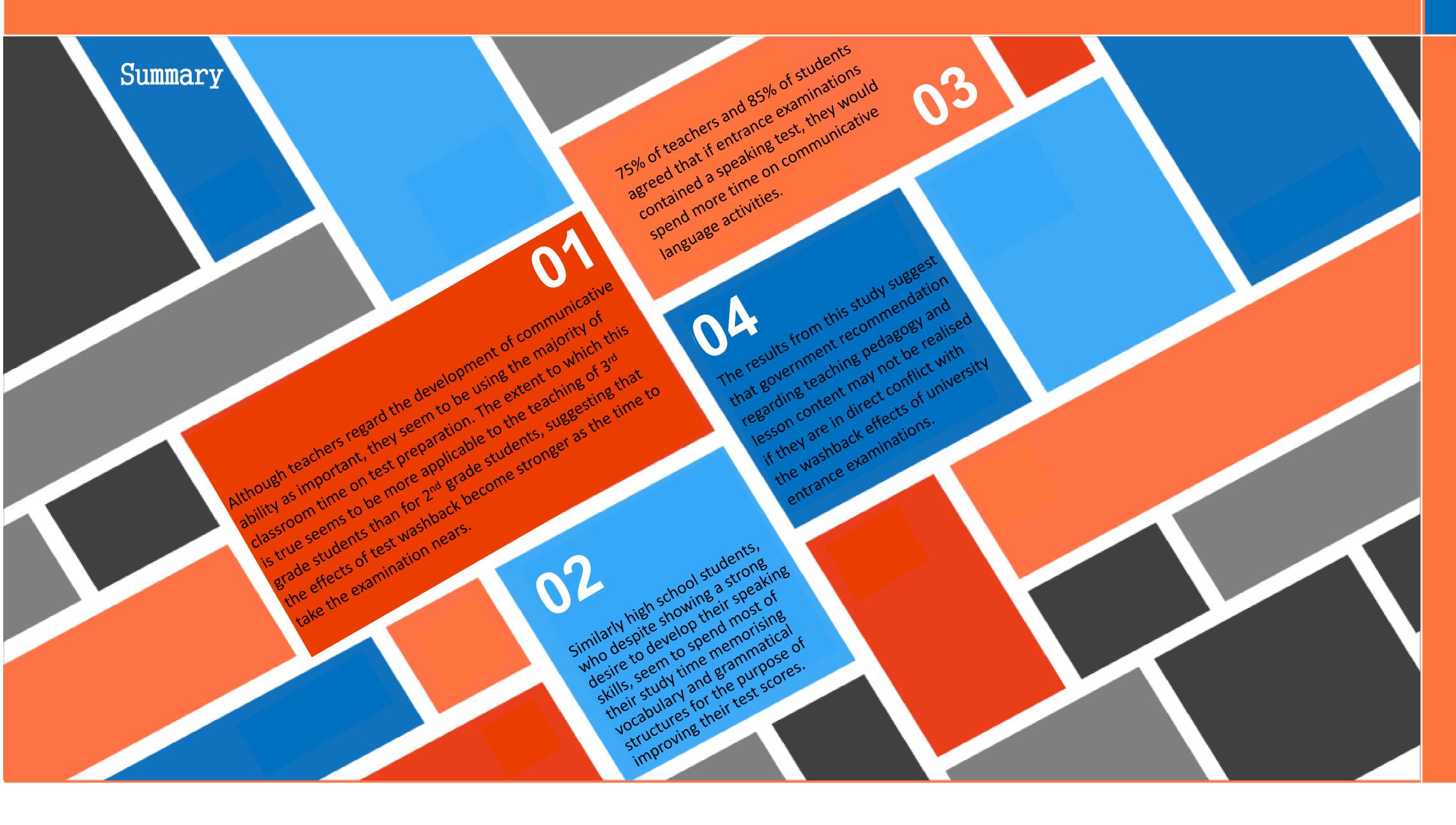
Ministry of Education (MEXT)

The overall objective of English classes is to

- develop students' basic communication abilities
- deepen their understanding of language and culture
- foster a positive attitude toward communication
- be able to "carry on a dialogue" and "speak accurately about one's thoughts and feelings".



Which factor do you think is more powerful?



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Entrance Examinations

Tests are largely focused on

- grammar
- reading
- translation ability

They rarely contain an assessment of speaking.

80% of teachers believed that the inclusion of a speaking test was a "good" or "quite a good" idea.

Teachers frequently use reading activities, grammar translations, writing compositions, and past examination practice for 3rd grade students.

Research Questions

Question 1

Do university entrance examinations affect teachers in a way that dissuades them from using speaking activities in the classroom?

Question 2

Do university entrance examinations affect student learning behaviour in a way that test preparation becomes their priority?

The Sample

20 high school teachers and 20 high school students

5 public high schools located in Nagoya

Convenience sampling method

Results

75% of teachers agreed that they would use more classroom time to develop students' speaking ability if entrance examinations contained a speaking test.

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63% of teachers claimed that they currently spend 81-100% of classroom time preparing students for tests.

For the majority of teachers, the influence of entrance examinations is stronger than the influence of MEXT. Entrance Examinations MEXT

idea.

The majority identify voca and speakir as the most activities. He students rep they most fr use vocabul practice and translations

75% of



The Questionnaire

Combination of closed and open-ended questions

Questions included items on

- a) teachers' teaching practices
- b) students' studying behaviour
- c) opinions about entrance examinations

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For the majority of students, developing communicative competence in the English language is more important than preparing for entrance examinations. However, 60% of students reported spending less than 40% of their study time developing their

speaking ability.

students believed that the inclusion of a speaking test was a "good" or "quite a good"



85% of students agreed that they would use more time to develop their speaking ability if entrance examinations contained a speaking test.

of students		Most Impo	rtant 🔳 N	Most Frequen	tly Used	
oulary practice	Grammar Translations					
activities	Reading Activities					
mportant	Listening Activities					
wever, most	Speaking Activities					
orted that	Writing Composition					
quently	Vocabulary Practice	_				
ry	Phonics and Pronunciation					
grammar	Past Examination Practice Other					
vhen they study	English.	0	5	10	15	20